

Unique New Physics Search at BelleII

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Physics at Super B Factory

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Possible updates of this document will be in the future available at
<http://belle2.kek.jp/physics.html>

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- Select a few channels that BelleII/SuperB can probe new physics better than LHC.
- Adrian will highlight the strength of SuperB
- New ideas, comments and suggestions are welcome.
- Slides are selected from the talk slides given by Bostjan Golob at BPAC meeting.

Charged Higgs on $B \rightarrow \tau \nu$

$$B_{\text{sig}} B_{\text{tag}} \rightarrow (\tau \nu)(X \ell \nu) \\ \rightarrow (Y \nu \nu)(X \ell \nu)$$

$$\Gamma(B^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu) =$$

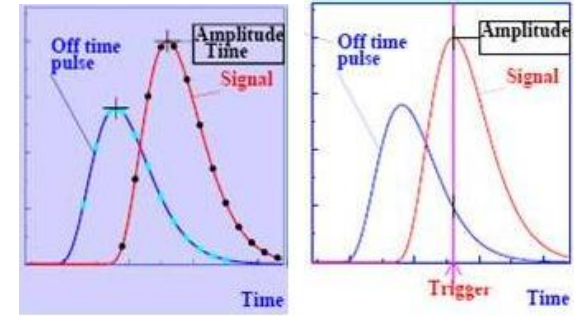
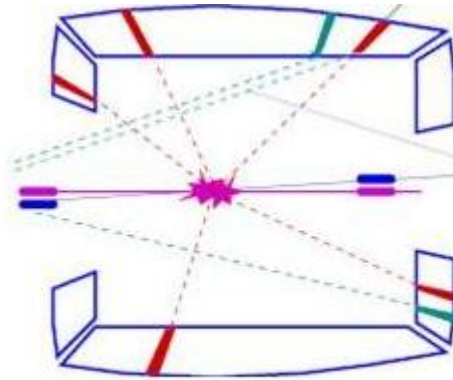
$$= \Gamma^{SM}(B^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu) \cdot \left(1 - \frac{m_B^2}{m_H^2} \tan^2 \beta\right)^2$$

$$Br(B^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu) = (1.65 \pm_{0.37}^{0.38} \pm_{0.37}^{0.35}) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

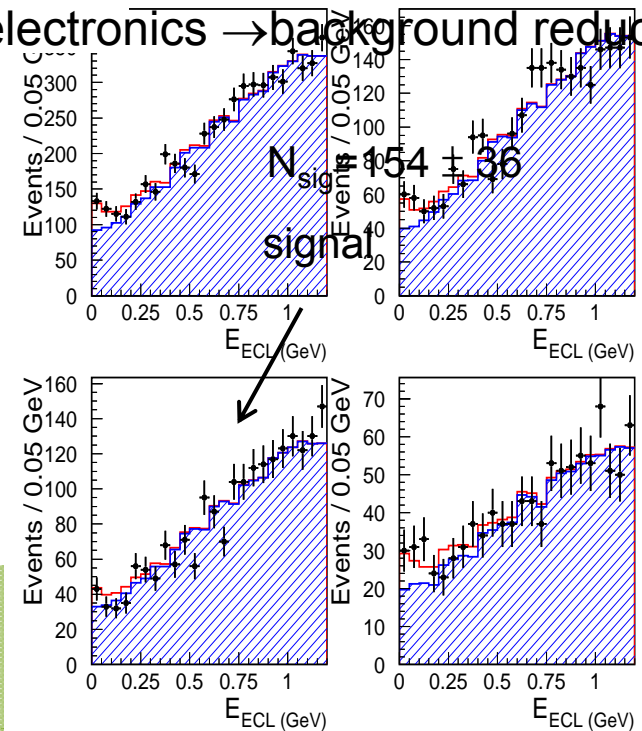
Belle 50 ab^{-1} : semil. + hadr. tag;
main syst. reducible:
bkg. ECL shape, $\varepsilon B_{\text{tag}}$

$$V_{ub} \pm 3\%, f_B \pm 3\%$$

$$\sigma(Br(B^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu) \approx 0.05 \cdot 10^{-4}) \\ \sigma(\Gamma / \Gamma^{SM}) \approx 0.08$$



ECL: new electronics \rightarrow background reduction






Charged Higgs Search

Atlas

Belle II, 5 ab^{-1}

Belle II, 50 ab^{-1}

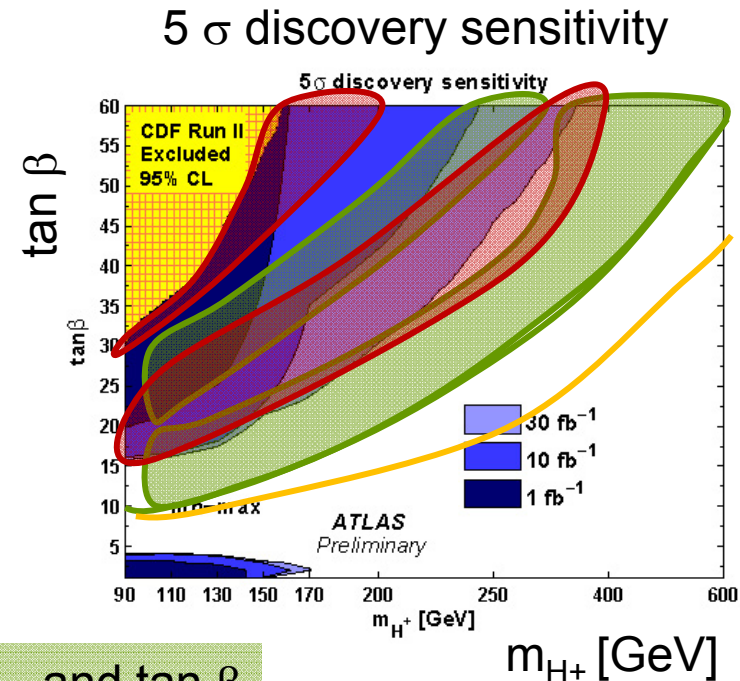
-  excluded currently ($\text{Br}(B \rightarrow \tau \nu)$) @ 95.5%
-  5σ discovery, Belle II, 5 ab^{-1}
-  5σ discovery, Belle II, 50 ab^{-1}

Belle II $\text{Br}(B \rightarrow \tau \nu)$ sensitive to H^+ at large m_{H^+} and $\tan \beta$

at low $\tan \beta$ $B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$ constraints the parameters

Belle II reach @ \mathcal{L} can be parametrized:

$$\tan \beta \geq 5 \cdot \sqrt{(0.5 \text{ ab}^{-1}/\mathcal{L}) \cdot [1 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ GeV}^{-2} \cdot (m - 90 \text{ GeV})^2 + 12.2]}$$



- Similar study for $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \nu$
- $B \rightarrow \mu \nu$: 4.3 ab^{-1} for 5σ discovery (SM Br);

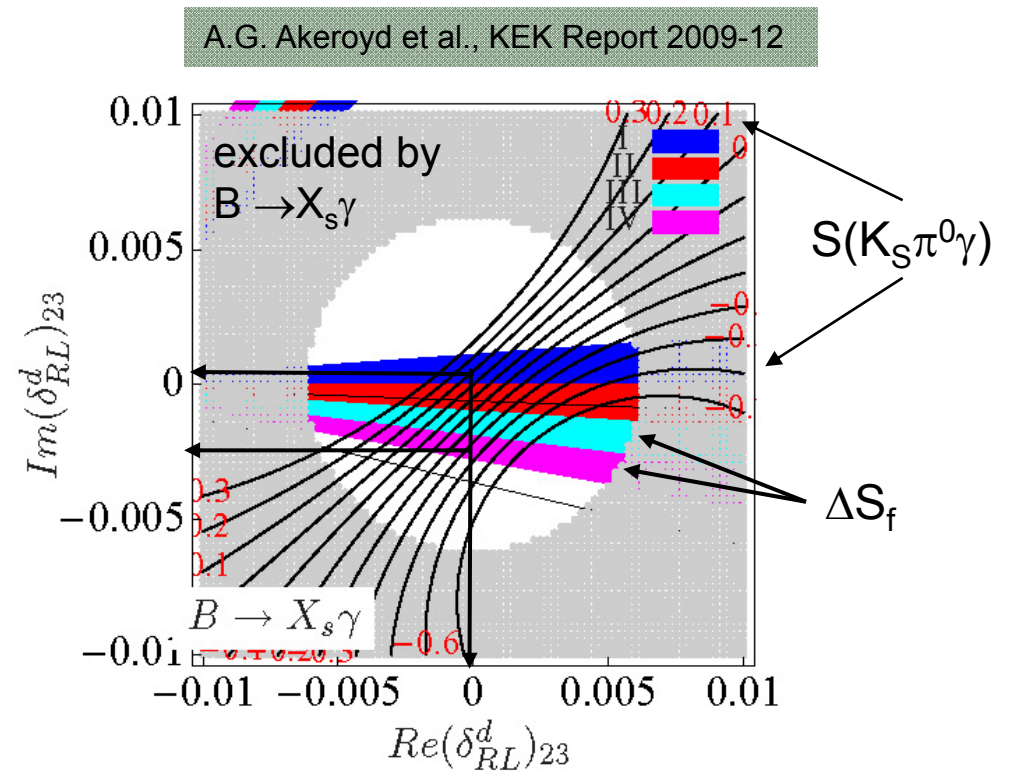
$$R_{\tau\mu} = \frac{\text{Br}(B^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu)}{\text{Br}(B^+ \rightarrow \mu \nu)} \sim \frac{m_\tau^2}{m_\mu^2}$$

MSSM searches Belle II

mass insertion approximation,
example of flavor observables

$$m_{\tilde{q}} = m_{\tilde{g}} = 500 \text{ GeV}$$

low $\tan\beta$



$$\Delta S_f = \sin 2\phi_1 (c\bar{c}s) - \sin 2\phi_1 (s\bar{s}s)$$

two points in $(\Delta S_f, S(K_S \pi^0 \gamma))$

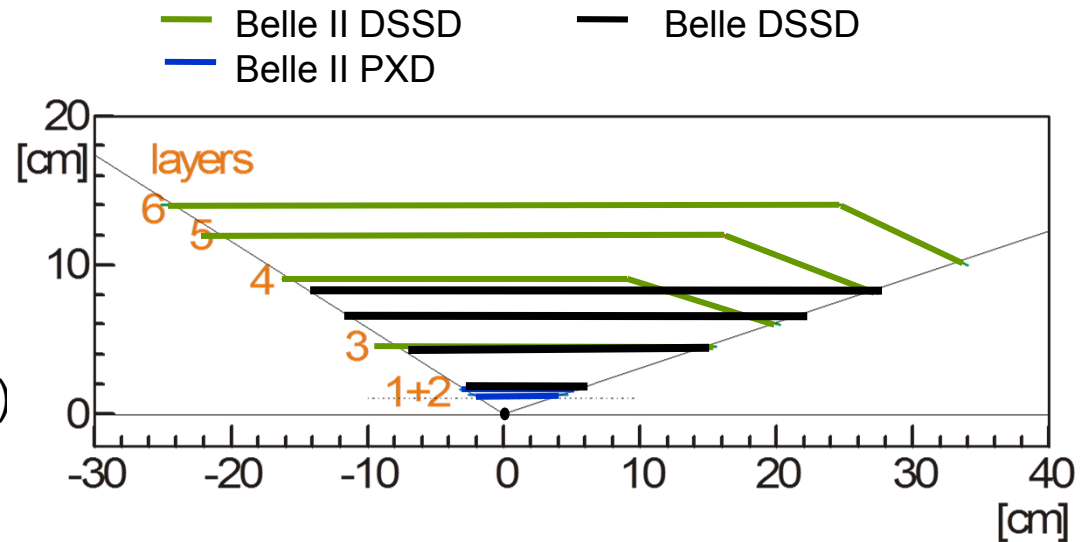
■ $\Delta S_f = [-0.3, -0.2]$ $S(K_S \pi^0 \gamma) \sim -0.4$

■ $\Delta S_f = [0, 0.1]$ $S(K_S \pi^0 \gamma) \sim 0.1$

Search for Right-Handed Neutral Currents

t-dependent CPV in $K_S \pi^0 \gamma$
($S(K_S \pi^0 \gamma)$)

B decay vtx from K_S and IP;
vertex detector: $\varepsilon(K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)$, $\sigma(t)$

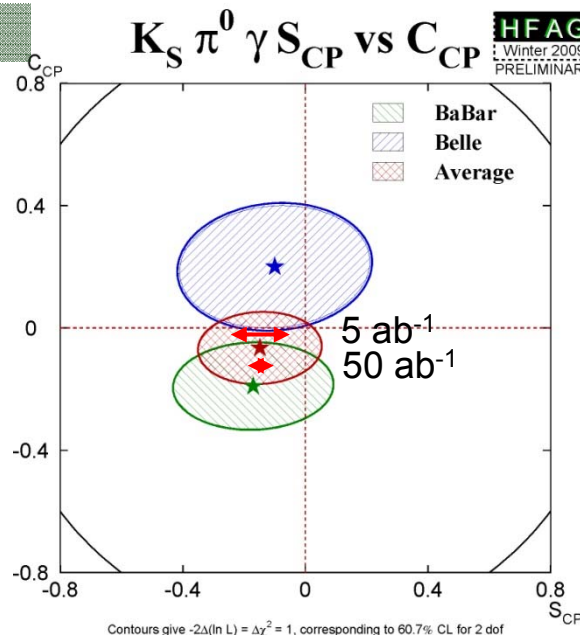


A.G. Akeroyd et al., KEK Report 2009-12

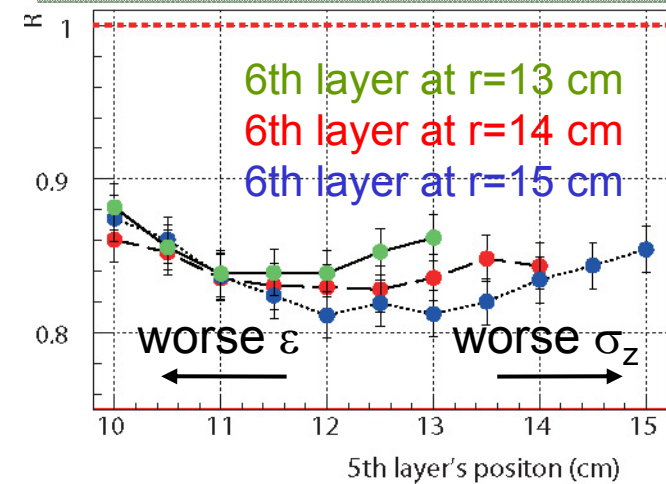
$\sigma(S_{CP}(K_S \pi^0 \gamma)) =$
0.09 @ 5 ab^{-1}
0.03 @ 50 ab^{-1}

$\sigma(\Delta S(K_S \phi)) =$
0.10 @ 5 ab^{-1}
0.05 @ 50 ab^{-1}

7/6/2010 P. Chang



sBelle Design Group, KEK Report 2008-7



MSSM searches Belle II

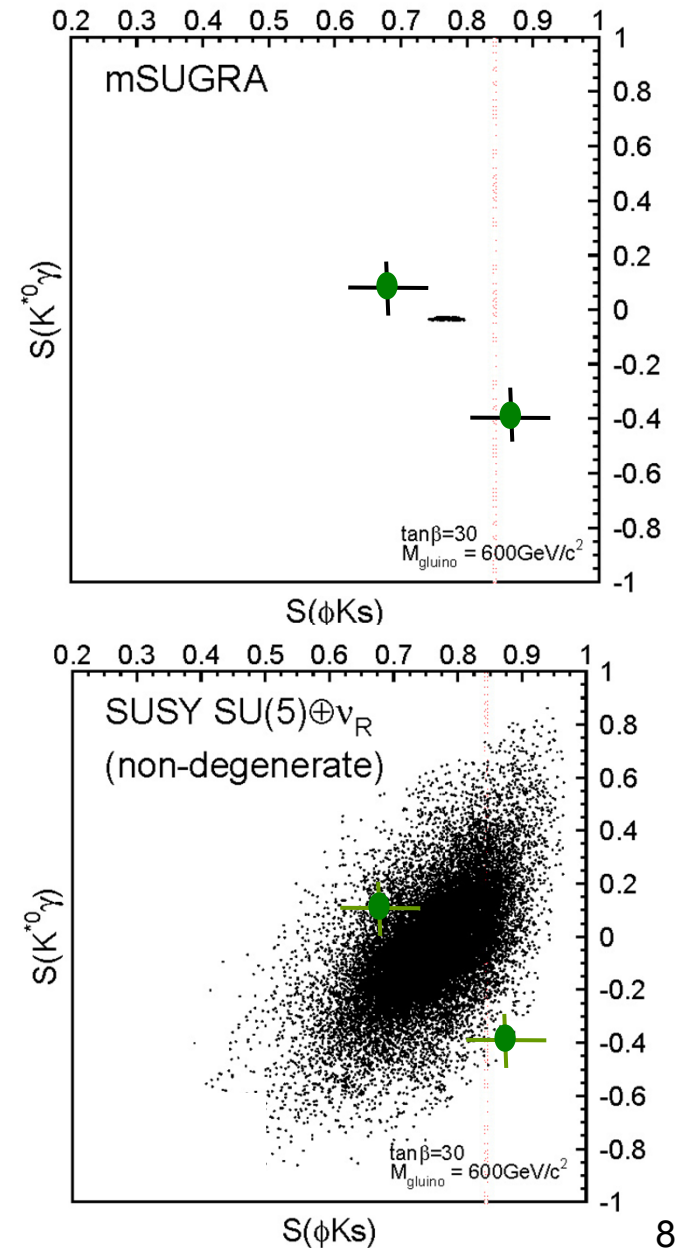
Example points:

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta S_f = [-0.3, -0.2] & \quad S(K_S \pi^0 \gamma) \sim -0.4 \\ \Delta S_f = [0, 0.1] & \quad S(K_S \pi^0 \gamma) \sim 0.1 \end{aligned}$$

shown with expected accuracy @ 5 ab⁻¹

Belle II can distinguish various SUSY models

A.G. Akeroyd et al., KEK Report 2009-12



Search for New CP Phase

:

Tree+penguin processes, $B \rightarrow K\pi$

$$\Delta A_{K\pi} = A(K^+\pi^-) - A(K^+\pi^0) = -0.147 \pm 0.028$$

HFAG, LP'09

model independent sum rule:

$$\mathcal{A}_f(K^+\pi^-) + \mathcal{A}_f(K^0\pi^+) \frac{\mathcal{B}(K^0\pi^+)\tau_{B^0}}{\mathcal{B}(K^+\pi^-)\tau_{B^+}} =$$

$$\mathcal{A}_f(K^+\pi^0) \frac{2\mathcal{B}(K^+\pi^0)\tau_{B^0}}{\mathcal{B}(K^+\pi^-)\tau_{B^+}} + \mathcal{A}_f(K^0\pi^0) \frac{2\mathcal{B}(K^0\pi^0)}{\mathcal{B}(K^+\pi^-)}.$$

M. Gronau, PLB627, 82 (2005);
D. Atwood, A. Soni, PRD58, 036005 (1998)

$$A(K^0\pi^+) = 0.009 \pm 0.025$$

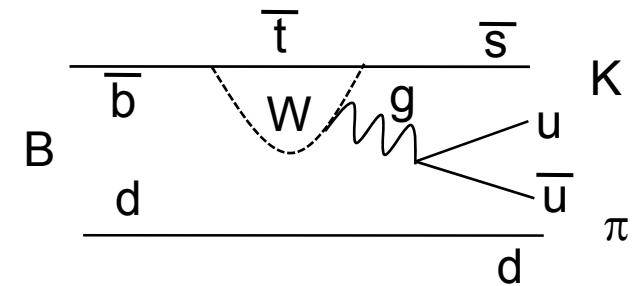
$$A(K^+\pi^0) = 0.050 \pm 0.025$$

$$A(K^+\pi^-) = -0.098 \pm 0.012$$

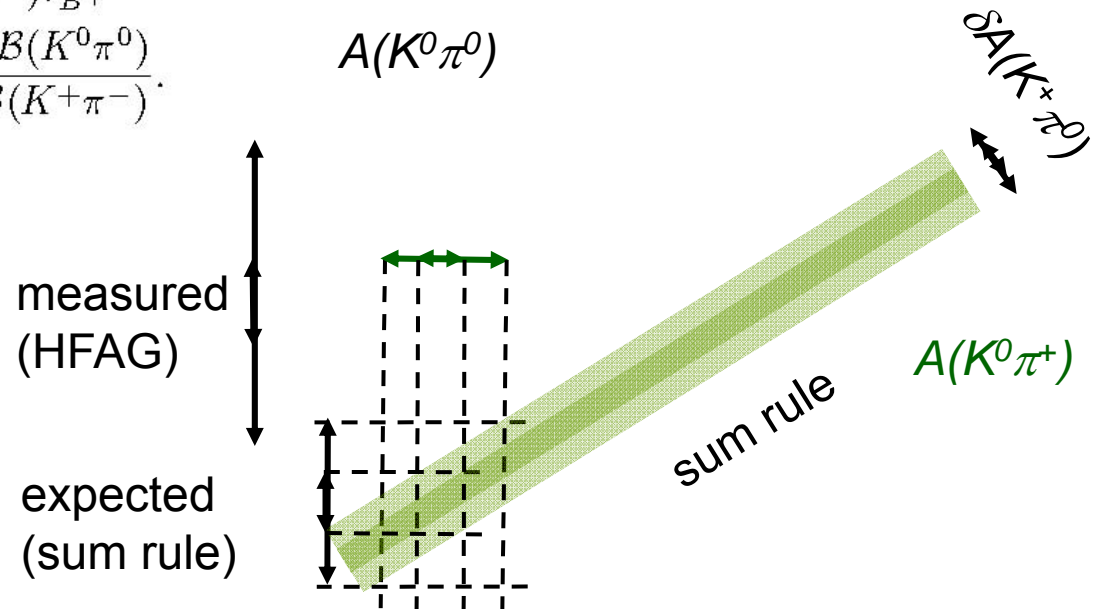
$$A(K^0\pi^0) = 0.041 \pm 0.10$$

Belle II 50 ab

HFAG, LP'09



penguin dominated



Tree+penguin processes, $B^0 \rightarrow K\pi\pi^0$

M. Gronau, D. Pirjol, J. Zupan, arXiv:1001.0702

$K^*\pi$, $K\rho$: $T+P_{EW}/P_{QCD}$ larger than in $K\pi$
similar as in $K\pi$: isospin sum rule

$$-A(K^{*+}\pi^-) = \lambda_t^{(s)}(P_{tc,P} + \frac{2}{3}P_{EW,P}^C) + \lambda_u^{(s)}(P_{uc,P} + T_P)$$

$$\sqrt{2}A(K^{*0}\pi^0) = \lambda_t^{(s)}(P_{tc,P} - P_{EW,V} - \frac{1}{3}P_{EW,P}^C) + \lambda_u^{(s)}(P_{uc,P} - C_V)$$

$$A(K^{*+}\pi^-) + \sqrt{2}A(K^{*0}\pi^0) = P_{EW} + T \ll P_{tc}$$

- $B^0 \rightarrow K\pi\pi^0$: $A(K^{*+}\pi^-)$ & $A(K^{*0}\pi^0)$ should destructively interfere.
- Large A_{CP} on $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*+}\pi^-$, $\rho^- K^+$ and $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*+}\pi^0$, $\rho^0 K^+$
- Check three A_{CP} sum rules: $K^*\pi$, ρK and $K\pi$

Search for LFV in τ decays

$$\tau \rightarrow l\gamma, \tau \rightarrow l h, \tau \rightarrow l$$

- $\tau \rightarrow l\gamma$: bkg from $ee \rightarrow \tau\tau\gamma$ (U.L. $\propto 1/\sqrt{L}$)
- $\tau \rightarrow l h, \tau \rightarrow ll$: bkg free (U.L. $\propto 1/L$)

example:

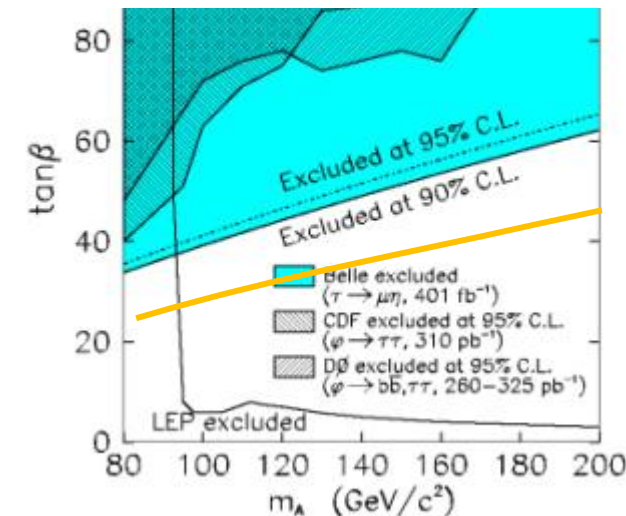
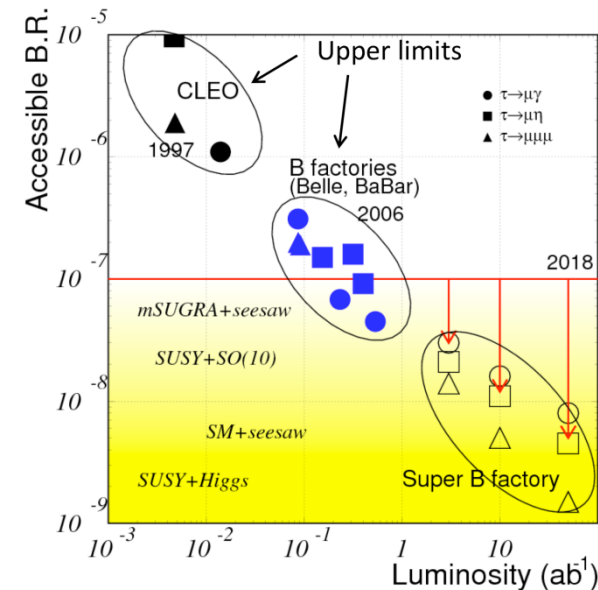
Higgs mediated LFV, $\tau \rightarrow \mu\eta$

with 10 ab^{-1} constraints on $\tan\beta$
improved by 30 - 40% for all m_A

identification of specific models

$$\frac{Br(\tau \rightarrow \mu e e)}{Br(\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma)} = \begin{cases} 0.3 - 1.6 & \text{little Higgs T parity} \\ \sim 0.01 & \text{MSSM} \end{cases}$$

sensitivity $\sim 10^{-9}$ and $\sim 7 \times 10^{-9}$ @ 50 ab^{-1}



Belle,
 10 ab^{-1}

Other Topics and Summary

- $B \rightarrow K^* \nu \nu$, Charm mixing, $A_{FB}(ee \rightarrow \mu\mu) \dots$
 \Rightarrow Adrian's talk
- Possible polarized beam and run at charm threshold for SuperB.
- NP search:
 - $B \rightarrow \tau \nu$, right-handed neutral currents,
 - $A_{CP}(K^{(*)}\pi)/A(\rho K)$ sum rule tests,
 - LFV in τ decays

Physics on Super B Factory, 1

Observable	Belle 2006 ($\sim 0.5 \text{ ab}^{-1}$)	SuperKEKB (5 ab^{-1}) (50 ab^{-1})		† LHCb (2 fb^{-1}) (10 fb^{-1})	
Hadronic $b \rightarrow s$ transitions					
$\Delta \mathcal{S}_{\phi K^0}$	0.22	0.073	0.029		0.14
$\Delta \mathcal{S}_{\eta' K^0}$	0.11	0.038	0.020		
$\Delta \mathcal{S}_{K_S^0 K_S^0 K_S^0}$	0.33	0.105	0.037	-	-
$\Delta \mathcal{A}_{\pi^0 K_S^0}$	0.15	0.072	0.042	-	-
$\mathcal{A}_{\phi\phi K^+}$	0.17	0.05	0.014		
$\phi_1^{eff}(\phi K_S)$ Dalitz		3.3°	1.5°		
Radiative/electroweak $b \rightarrow s$ transitions					
$\mathcal{S}_{K_S^0 \pi^0 \gamma}$	0.32	0.10	0.03	-	-
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma)$	13%	7%	6%	-	-
$A_{CP}(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma)$	0.058	0.01	0.005	-	-
C_9 from $\overline{A}_{\text{FB}}(B \rightarrow K^* \ell^+ \ell^-)$	-	11%	4%		
C_{10} from $\overline{A}_{\text{FB}}(B \rightarrow K^* \ell^+ \ell^-)$	-	13%	4%		
C_7/C_9 from $\overline{A}_{\text{FB}}(B \rightarrow K^* \ell^+ \ell^-)$	-		5%		7%
R_K		0.07	0.02		0.043
$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \nu \nu)$	$^{\dagger\dagger} < 3 \mathcal{B}_{\text{SM}}$		30%	-	-
$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \nu \bar{\nu})$	$^{\dagger\dagger} < 40 \mathcal{B}_{\text{SM}}$		35%	-	-
Radiative/electroweak $b \rightarrow d$ transitions					
$\mathcal{S}_{\rho \gamma}$	-	0.3	0.15		
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow X_d \gamma)$	-	24% (syst.)		-	-

Physics at Super B Factory, 2

Leptonic/semileptonic B decays						
$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu)$	3.5σ	10%	3%	-	-	
$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu)$	${}^{\dagger\dagger} < 2.4\mathcal{B}_{\text{SM}}$	4.3 ab^{-1} for 5σ discovery		-	-	
$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow D\tau\nu)$	-	8%	3%	-	-	
$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow D\tau\nu)$	-	30%	10%	-	-	
LFV in τ decays (U.L. at 90% C.L.)						
$\mathcal{B}(\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma) [10^{-9}]$	45	10	5	-	-	
$\mathcal{B}(\tau \rightarrow \mu\eta) [10^{-9}]$	65	5	2	-	-	
$\mathcal{B}(\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu) [10^{-9}]$	21	3	1	-	-	
Unitarity triangle parameters						
$\sin 2\phi_1$	0.026	0.016	0.012	~ 0.02	~ 0.01	
$\phi_2 (\pi\pi)$	11°	10°	3°	-	-	
$\phi_2 (\rho\pi)$	$68^\circ < \phi_2 < 95^\circ$	3°	1.5°	10°	4.5°	
$\phi_2 (\rho\rho)$	$62^\circ < \phi_2 < 107^\circ$	3°	1.5°	-	-	
ϕ_2 (combined)		2°	$\lesssim 1^\circ$	10°	4.5°	
$\phi_3 (D^{(*)}K^{(*)})$ (Dalitz mod. ind.)	20°	7°	2°	8°		
$\phi_3 (DK^{(*)})$ (ADS+GLW)	-	16°	5°	$5\text{-}15^\circ$		
$\phi_3 (D^{(*)}\pi)$	-	18°	6°			
ϕ_3 (combined)		6°	1.5°	4.2°	2.4°	
$ V_{ub} $ (inclusive)	6%	5%	3%	-	-	
$ V_{ub} $ (exclusive)	15%	12% (LQCD)	5% (LQCD)	-	-	
${}^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}\bar{\rho}$	20.0%		3.4%			
${}^{\dagger\dagger\dagger}\bar{\eta}$	15.7%		1.7%			

Physics on Super B Factory, 3

Observable	Belle	Belle/SuperKEKB		LHCb [†]	
				(2 fb ⁻¹)	(10 fb ⁻¹)
<i>B_s</i> physics	(25 fb ⁻¹)	(5 ab ⁻¹)			
$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$	$< 8.7 \times 10^{-6}$	0.25×10^{-6}		-	-
$\Delta\Gamma_s^{CP}/\Gamma_s$ ($Br(B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} D_s^{(*)})$)	3%	1% (model dependency)		-	-
$\Delta\Gamma_s/\Gamma_s$ ($B_s \rightarrow f_{CP}$ t-dependent)	-	1.2%		-	-
ϕ_s (with $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$ etc.)	-	-	-	0.02	0.01
$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$	-			6 fb ⁻¹ for 5 σ discovery	
ϕ_3 ($B_s \rightarrow KK$)	-			7-10°	
ϕ_3 ($B_s \rightarrow D_s K$)	-			13°	
Υ decays	(3 fb ⁻¹)	(500 fb ⁻¹)			
$\mathcal{B}(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \text{invisible})$	$< 2.5 \times 10^{-3}$	$< 2 \times 10^{-4}$			
	(~ 0.5 ab ⁻¹) [‡]	(5 ab ⁻¹)	(50 ab ⁻¹)		
Charm physics					
<i>D</i> mixing parameters					
x	0.25%	0.12%	0.09%		0.25% ^{††}
y	0.16%	0.10%	0.05%		0.05% ^{††}
$\delta_{K\pi}$	10°	6°	4°		
$ q/p $	0.16	0.1	0.05		
ϕ	0.13 rad	0.08 rad	0.05 rad		
A_D	2.4%	1%	0.3%		
New particles [§]					
$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow Z(3930) \rightarrow D\bar{D}^*$		$> 3\sigma$			
$B \rightarrow KX(3872)(\rightarrow D^0\bar{D}^{*0})$		400 events			
$B \rightarrow KX(3872)(\rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-)$		1250 events			
$B \rightarrow KZ^+(4430)(\rightarrow \psi'\pi^+)$		1000 events			
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma_{\text{ISR}}Y(4260)(\rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-)$		3000 events			
Electroweak parameters		(~ 10 ab ⁻¹)			
$\sin^2 \Theta_W$	-	3×10^{-4}			